

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification		
Product identifier	: D15339338	
Product name	: 1K E-Coat Clear Coat Aerosol	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Date of issue	: 8/9/2022	
Version	: 5	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Coating component.	
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.	
Supplier's details	 Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 16 Darling Street, Marsden Park NSW 2765, Australia Importer: Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand Telephone: +64 (09) 259 2738 	
Product information	: +61 (0)2 8818 4300	
Emergency telephone number	: +(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	

Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification	: AEROSOLS - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Symbol	
Signal word	: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name % (v/v) **CAS** number 10 - <30 67-64-1 acetone n-butyl acetate 10 - <30 123-86-4 5 - <10 xylene 1330-20-7 5 - <10 Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 propan-1-ol 5 - <10 71-23-8 ethyl acetate 1 - <3 141-78-6 1 - <3 ethylbenzene 100-41-4 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 1 - <3 108-65-6 0.1 - < 0.3 A mixture of: α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene); α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-tert-butyl-3-0.1 - < 0.3 bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate 41556-26-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.		
Most important symptoms/ef	fects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effec	ts		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations		
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations		

Section 4. First aid measures

Eyes	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Specific treatments	:	Not available.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
See toxicological informatio	on (S	Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Hazchem code	:	Not available.
Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	:	Not available.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,	 If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any
protective equipment and	information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the
emergency procedures	information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
acetone	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1185 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 2375 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
n-butyl acetate	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	•	•	
xylene		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).	
		WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
		WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Isopropyl alcohol		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).	
		WES-TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.	
		WES-TWA: 983 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
		WES-STEL: 1230 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
		WES-STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.	
propan-1-ol		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).	
		Absorbed through skin.	
		WES-TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.	
		WES-TWA: 492 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
		WES-STEL: 614 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
		WES-STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.	
ethyl acetate		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).	
		WES-TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.	
		WES-TWA: 720 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
ethylbenzene		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).	
		WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
		WES-TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
		WES-STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
		WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl aceta	ite	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).	
		Absorbed through skin.	
		STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
		TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.	
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate v	entilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas,	
controls		ess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other	
		eep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any	
		y limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas,	
		tions below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof	
	ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation	n or work process equipment should be checked to ensure	
controls		irements of environmental protection legislation. In some	
		Iters or engineering modifications to the process	
		ary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measures		,	
Hygiene measures			
		g the lavatory and at the end of the working period. hould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.	
		ing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash	
		fore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety	
	showers are close to the		
Doopiratory protection			
Respiratory protection		potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the	
		ertification. Respirators must be used according to a gram to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important	
		gram to ensure proper numy, training, and other important	
	aspects of use.		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Gas.
Colour	: Transparent.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: -42 to 30°C (-43.6 to 86°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 15°C (59°F)
Fire point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 13.7%
Vapour pressure	: 166.9 kPa (1251.9 mm Hg)
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.758 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 287°C (548.6°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
SADT	: Not available.
SAPT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Aerosol product</u>		
Type of aerosol	: S	pray
Heat of combustion	: 2	3.42 kJ/g
Ignition distance	: N	ot available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	: N	ot available.
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	: N	ot available.
Flame projection	: N	ot available.
Flame height	: N	ot applicable.
Flame duration	: N	ot applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of	<u>exposure</u>
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male,	37.5 mg/l	4 hours
		Female	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
propan-1-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5040 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2200 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	22.6 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	-			mg	

Section 11. Toxic	ological infor	mation			
	Eyes - Moderate irrit	ant Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritan		-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
propan-1-ol	Eyes - Moderate irrit	ant Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	Oldina Milel invite at	11		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	47 hours 100 %	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	_	⁷⁰ 24 hours 100	_
		Taman		%	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Skin	: Not available.				
Eyes	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Not available.					
Skin	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health ef	<u>ffects</u>				
General	: May cause damag sensitized, a seve low levels.	ge to organs throug re allergic reaction			
Inhalation	: No known significa	ant effects or critica	al hazards.		
Ingestion	-				
Skin contact	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed 				
Eye contact	to very low levels.	ant effects or critics	al hazarde		
•	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.				
Mutagenicity	: No known significa	ant effects or critica	al hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of dam	aging the unborn c	hild.		
Developmental effects	: No known significa	ant effects or critica	al hazards.		
Fertility effects	: Suspected of dam	aging fertility.			
Chronic toxicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Not available					

Not available.

Target organs

_

Section 11. Toxicological information Conclusion/Summary : Not available. **Teratogenicity** Not available. Conclusion/Summary : Not available. **Reproductive toxicity** Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available. Specific target organ toxicity Name Route of Category exposure xylene Category 2 ethyl acetate Category 2 _ ethylbenzene Category 2 _ Aspiration hazard Name Isopropyl alcohol Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4283.58 mg/kg
Dermal	17509 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	72.1 mg/l

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
xylene	EC50 3.82 mg/l	Crustaceans - Penaeus monodon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours

Section 12. Ecological information

		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
propan-1-ol	Acute EC50 4480000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2950000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3800000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	32 days
		Embryo	-
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
xylene	OECD 301 F	90 % - 28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		•	

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
acetone	-0.23	-	low	
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low	
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low	
propan-1-ol	0.2	-	low	
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low	

Mob	<u>ility</u>	in	<u>soil</u>

Mobility

: Not available.

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc)

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	New Zealand Class (5433)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Hazchem code : Not available.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.	
	Proper shipping name	: Not available.
	Ship type	: Not available.
	Pollution category	: Not available.

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

112 - 4 - ----

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002517
HSNO Group Standard	: Aerosols (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Classification	: AEROSOLS - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of issue	:	8/9/2022
Version	:	5
Prepared by		Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	:	ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) TLV = Threshold Limit Value WES = Workplace Exposure Standards

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) content is believed to be accurate as of its issue date, but is subject to change as new information is received by Axalta Coatings Systems, LLC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (Axalta). This SDS may incorporate information that has been provided to Axalta by its suppliers. Users should ensure that they are referring to the most current version of the SDS. Users are responsible for following the precautions identified in this SDS. It is the users' responsibility to comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own determination as to the suitability of the products for their intended use. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, AXALTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

Section 16. Other information

© 2018 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.