

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification				
Product identifier	: 6926418219077			
Product name	: Nason Industrial ST300-501 Thinner Slow			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
Date of issue	: 10/3/2022			
Version	: 11.01			
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against				
Identified uses	: Solvent.			
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.			
Supplier's details	 Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 16 Darling Street, Marsden Park NSW 2765, Australia Importer: Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand Telephone: +64 (09) 259 2738 			
Product information	: +61 (0)2 8818 4300			
Emergency telephone number	: +(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248			

Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Symbol	
-	
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O lamaturand	
Signal word	: Warning

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
	Causes skin irritation.
	Causes serious eye irritation.
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
2-butoxyethyl acetate	30 - <60	112-07-2
xylene	10 - <30	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	5 - <10	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	5 - <10	64742-95-6
Propanol, 1(or 2)-ethoxy-, acetate	5 - <10	98516-30-4
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - <3	64742-94-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessar	<u>y first aid measures</u>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Most important symptom	ns/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	effects

Potential acute health effects					
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled.				
Ingestion :	Harmful if swallowed.				
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation.				
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.				
Over-exposure signs/sympton	<u>15</u>				
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Skin :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations				

Section 4. First aid measures

Eyes	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Specific treatments	:	Not available.	
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
Can taxical anisal informatio			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media			
Suitable	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.		
Not suitable	Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide		
Hazchem code	•3Y		
Special precautions for fire- fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		
Remark	Not available.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,	 If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any
protective equipment and	information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the
emergency procedures	information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	•	Exposure limits	
		· ·	
2-butoxyethyl acetate xylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
n-butyl acetate		WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
ethylbenzene		WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.	
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other e contaminants below also need to keep ga	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the cases, fume scrubb	tilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure e requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ers, filters or engineering modifications to the process ecessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	ires		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and Appropriate techniqu Wash contaminated	ms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before I using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Les should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. I clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and close to the workstation location.	
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	
Hand protection	be worn at all times this is necessary. C check during use that should be noted that different for different	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately	
Eye protection	assessment indicate gases or dusts. If co	plying with an approved standard should be used when a risk es this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ontact is possible, the following protection should be worn, ent indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Transparent.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: 125 to 195°C (257 to 383°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
Fire point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Lower: 0.5%
(flammable) limits	Upper: 9.8%
Vapour pressure	: 0.32 kPa (2.4 mm Hg)
Vapour density	Not available.
Density	: 0.918 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not applicable.
octanol/water	· 220°C (428°E)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 220°C (428°F)
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
SADT	: Not available.
SAPT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes	s of exposure
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	ects as well as chronic effects from short and long-

long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3492 mg/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	_	mg 8 hours 60 uL	_	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-	
ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500	-	
heavy arom.		1 CODIC		uL		
Skin	: Not available.					
Eyes	: Not available.					
Respiratory	: Not available.					
Sensitisation						
Not available.						
	- NI-4					
Skin	: Not available.					
Respiratory	: Not available.					
Potential chronic health effe						
General	: May cause damage to	organs through	n prolonged o	r repeated exposi	ure.	
Inhalation	: No known significant ef	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.					
Mutagenicity	: No known significant ef	fects or critical	hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging	g the unborn ch	nild.			
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging					
Chronic toxicity	1 0 0	, ,				
Not available.						
	- NI-4 9-1-1					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Carcinogenicity						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Mutagenicity						
Not available.						
	N N N N N					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
<u>Teratogenicity</u>						

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Name	0,	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 2	-	-
xylene	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	758.8 mg/kg
Dermal	2157.32 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	16.18 mg/l

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Chronic LC50 11 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
xylene	EC50 3.82 mg/l	Crustaceans - Penaeus monodon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
2-butoxyethyl acetate	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
xylene	OECD 301 F	90 % - 28 days	-	-

Section 12. Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2-butoxyethyl acetate xylene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	low	
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-ethoxy-, acetate	0.76	-	low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high	

Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned

	New Zealand Class (5433)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group		III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informa	tion		
New Zealand	: <u>Hazchem code</u> •3`	Y	
Hazchem code	: •3Y		

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.	
	Proper shipping name	: Not available.
	Ship type	: Not available.

Pollution category : Not available.

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue	: 10/3/2022
Version	: 11.01
Prepared by	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	 ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) TLV = Threshold Limit Value WES = Workplace Exposure Standards

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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