

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification		
Product identifier	: 6922978624191	
Product name	: Nason Industrial ST100-610 Standard High OH PU Topcoat Binder	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Date of issue	: 8/10/2022	
Version	: 8	
Relevant identified uses o	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Coating component.	
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.	
Supplier's details	 Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 16 Darling Street, Marsden Park NSW 2765, Australia Importer: Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand Telephone: +64 (09) 259 2738 	
Product information	: +61 (0)2 8818 4300	
Emergency telephone number	: +(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	

Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Symbol	
Signal word	: Warning

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed.
		Causes skin irritation.
		May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		Causes serious eye irritation.
		Suspected of causing cancer.
		Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
xylene	10 - <30	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	10 - <30	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	5 - <10	64742-95-6
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
isopentyl acetate	3 - <5	123-92-2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <3	95-63-6
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - <3	108-65-6
A mixture of:	1 - <3	-
$ \begin{array}{l} \alpha - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) - 5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl- \\ \omega - 3 - (3 - $		
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	1 - <3 0.3 - <1	41556-26-7 82919-37-7

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

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Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Most important symptoms/ef	fects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	oms
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

red	verse symptoms may include the following: uced foetal weight rease in foetal deaths eletal malformations		
irrit red red inci	verse symptoms may include the following: ation ness uced foetal weight rease in foetal deaths eletal malformations		
pai wat	verse symptoms may include the following: n or irritation ering ness		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Specific treatments : Not	available.		
	case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. A exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
ma Wa	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It y be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. sh contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear ves.		
See toxicological information (Section 11)			

Section 5. Firefighting measures

:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
:	Do not use water jet.
:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
:	•3Y
:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
:	Not available.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.		
Methods and material for cor	ntai	nment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
xylene			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
			WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n hutul acatata			WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
			WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
eurybenzene			WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
			WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
			WES-STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			WES-STEL: 043 mg/m 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
iconontul acostato			
isopentyl acetate			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
			WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1.0.4 twins attack and a means			WES-TWA: 532 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).
			WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	- 4 - 4	_	WES-TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ac	etate	2	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
			Absorbed through skin.
			STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours.
			STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Appropriate engineering	:		entilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust
controls			ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
			ecommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls
			pour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive
		limits. Use explosion-proc	
Environmental exposure	:		or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
controls			rements of environmental protection legislation. In some
			ters or engineering modifications to the process
		equipment will be necessa	ary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu			
Hygiene measures	:		d face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before
			the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
			hould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
			ng should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
		showers are close to the v	ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Respiratory protection	:		potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the
			ertification. Respirators must be used according to a
			ram to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important
		aspects of use.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: 125 to 200°C (257 to 392°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)
Fire point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 7.5%
Vapour pressure	: 0.51 kPa (3.8 mm Hg)
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.994 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 280°C (536°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
SADT	: Not available.
SAPT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely r	outes of exposure			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Symptoms related to t	he physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure				

Acute toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3492 mg/kg	-
light arom.				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
isopentyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	16600 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available. Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
		D.4		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat Rabbit	-	8 hours 60 uL 24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate Imtant	Rabbit	-	mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Skin	: Not available.	•			•
Eyes	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Not available.					
Skin	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>				
General	: May cause damage to sensitized, a severe allo low levels.				
Inhalation	: No known significant ef	fects or critical	hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact	 Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. 				

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
<u>Chronic toxicity</u> Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u> Not available.	: Not available.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.	: Not available.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: Not available.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	: Not available.
Conclusion/Summary	

Specific target organ toxicity

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	1675.23 mg/kg 3685.51 mg/kg 28.34 mg/l

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	EC50 3.82 mg/l	Crustaceans - Penaeus monodon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	•	

Conclusion/Summary Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
xylene	OECD 301 F	90 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high	
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
isopentyl acetate	2.25	-	low	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	New Ze	ea	and Class (5433)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263			UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT			PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3				3
Packing group	Ш			Ш	
Environmental hazards	No.			Yes.	No.
Additional informat	ion				i
New Zealand		:	Hazchem code •3	(
IMDG		:	The marine pollutar	nt mark is not required wh	en transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 k
ΙΑΤΑ		:	The environmentally transportation regul		ark may appear if required by other
Hazchem code		:	•3Y		
Special precautions	for user	:	-	Ensure that persons tran	transport in closed containers that are sporting the product know what to do i
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments		:	Not available.		
			Proper shipping n	ame : Not availab	

Section 14. Transport information

Ship type

: Not available.

Pollution category

: Not available.

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Section 16. Other information

History	
Date of issue	: 8/10/2022
Version	: 8
Prepared by	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	 ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) TLV = Threshold Limit Value WES = Workplace Exposure Standards

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

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