

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification		
Product identifier	: 4024669865479	
Product name	: Standox KA677 Clearcoat Colour Additive Brilliant Blue	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Date of issue	: 10/3/2022	
Version	: 13.08	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Coating component.	
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.	
Supplier's details	 Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 16 Darling Street, Marsden Park NSW 2765, Australia Importer: Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand Telephone: +64 (09) 259 2738 	
Product information	: +61 (0)2 8818 4300	
Emergency telephone number	: +(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	

Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

GHS label elements

Symbol



Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
		Causes serious eye irritation.
		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition source No smoking. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.	es.
Response	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	None known.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
heptan-2-one	10 - <30	110-43-0
n-butyl acetate	10 - <30	123-86-4
isopentyl acetate	5 - <10	123-92-2
butanone	3 - <5	78-93-3
cetrimonium chloride	0.1 - <0.3	112-02-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures			
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing an shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroug before reuse. 	g	
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and low eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at leas minutes. Get medical attention.		
Most important symptoms/e	cts, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe			
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Inhalation	No specific data.		
Ingestion	No specific data.		
Skin	No specific data.		
Eyes	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Indication of immediate med	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Specific treatments	Not available.		
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be dela The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hou		
Protection of first-aiders	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscita 		
See toxicological information	Section 11)		
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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Hazchem code	: •3Y

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	:	Not available.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe
 handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
heptan-2-one		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
isopentyl acetate		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 532 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
butanone		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 445 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 890 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engine contaminants below any re	entilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ecommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls pour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive of ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requi cases, fume scrubbers, fil	n or work process equipment should be checked to ensure irements of environmental protection legislation. In some ters or engineering modifications to the process ary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sh Wash contaminated clothi	In the descent of the second state of the seco
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or ce	potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the ertification. Respirators must be used according to a gram to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Blue.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: 125 to 152.1°C (257 to 305.8°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
Fire point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 7.9%
Vapour pressure	: 1.2 kPa (8.7 mm Hg)
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.955 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 342°C (647.6°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
SADT	: Not available.
SAPT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: 319 mPa⋅s (319 cP) Kinematic: 334 mm²/s (334 cSt)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: Causes serious eye irritation.
o the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
: No specific data.
: No specific data.
: No specific data.
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result Species		Dose	Exposure	
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	16.8 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10332 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-	
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-	
isopentyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	16600 mg/kg	-	
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-	
cetrimonium chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1550 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-	
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 14	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-	
cetrimonium chloride	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	4 hours	10 days	
Skin	: Not available.		·			
Eyes	: Not available.					
Respiratory	: Not available.					
<u>Sensitisation</u>						
Not available.						
Skin	: Not available.					
Respiratory	: Not available.					
Potential chronic health eff	fects					
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.					
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Skin contact	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.			
Eye contact	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.			
Developmental effects	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.			
<u>Chronic toxicity</u> Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary <u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.	: Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity	: Not available.					

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butanone	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral Inhalation (vapours)	5629.88 mg/kg 49.15 mg/l
	40.10 mg/r

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
butanone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
cetrimonium chloride	Acute EC50 0.09 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.007 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.032 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	28 days

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

cetrimonium chloride - Readily	Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
	cetrimonium chloride	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
isopentyl acetate	2.25	-	low
butanone	0.3	-	low
cetrimonium chloride	3.23	160	low
Mobility in soil	·	·	· · · · ·
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.		
Mobility	: Not available.		

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with
	soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	New Zealand Class (5433)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

4024669865479

Section 14. Transport information

New Zealand	:	Hazchem code •3Y		
Hazchem code	:	•3Y		
Special precautions for user	:		that	ses: always transport in closed containers that are persons transporting the product know what to do in ige.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.		
		Proper shipping name	:	Not available.
		Ship type	:	Not available.
		Pollution category	:	Not available.

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002662
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue	: 10/3/2022
Version	: 13.08
Prepared by	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	: ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) TLV = Threshold Limit Value WES = Workplace Exposure Standards
Indicatos information th	at has changed from proviously issued version

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

This product is intended for industrial use only.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) content is believed to be accurate as of its issue date, but is subject to change as new information is received by Axalta Coatings Systems, LLC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (Axalta). This SDS may incorporate information that has been provided to Axalta by its suppliers. Users should ensure that they are referring to the most current version of the SDS. Users are responsible for following the precautions identified in this SDS. It is the users' responsibility to comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

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