

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification		
Product identifier	: 4024669684148	
Product name	: Standox Mix 414 Dark Violet Tinter	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Date of issue	: 10/3/2022	
Version	: 12	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Coating component.	
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.	
Supplier's details	 Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 16 Darling Street, Marsden Park NSW 2765, Australia Importer: Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand Telephone: +64 (09) 259 2738 	
Product information	: +61 (0)2 8818 4300	
Emergency telephone number	: +(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	

Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
<u>GHS label elements</u> Symbol	

Signal word

: Warning

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	10 - <30	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	3 - <5	64742-95-6
heptan-2-one	3 - <5	110-43-0
8,18-dichloro-5,15-diethyl-5,15-dihydrodiindolo[3,2-b:3',2'-m] triphenodioxazine	1 - <3	6358-30-1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <3	95-63-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - <1	41556-26-7
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	0.3 - <1	26761-45-5
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.1 - <0.3	868-77-9
meťhyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate xylene	0.1 - <0.3 0.1 - <0.3	82919-37-7 1330-20-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower evelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects					
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.				
Over-exposure signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>				
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Skin :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations				

Section 4. First aid measures

Eyes	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Indication of immediate med	dica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Specific treatments	:	Not available.
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
See toxicological informatio	on (S	Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	: U	lse dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: D	o not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In th Ia	lammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long asting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and revented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	ca ca ni	ecomposition products may include the following materials: arbon dioxide arbon monoxide itrogen oxides alogenated compounds
Hazchem code	:•3	3Y
Special precautions for fire- fighters	th su	romptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if nere is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without uitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Ise water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	br	ire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained reathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure node.
Remark	: N	ot available.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
heptan-2-one			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
xylene			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	ventilation or other engine contaminants below any re	entilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ecommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls pour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive of ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	they comply with the requi cases, fume scrubbers, fil	n or work process equipment should be checked to ensure rements of environmental protection legislation. In some ters or engineering modifications to the process ary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ures</u>		
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sh Contaminated work clothir	Id face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the lavatory and at the end of the working period. would be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Ing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety workstation location.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	
Hand protection	:	be worn at all times when this is necessary. Conside check during use that the should be noted that the ti different for different glove	vious gloves complying with an approved standard should handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates ering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It me to breakthrough for any glove material may be a manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of rotection time of the gloves cannot be accurately
Eye protection	:	assessment indicates this gases or dusts. If contact	with an approved standard should be used when a risk is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, is possible, the following protection should be worn, dicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Violet.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: 125 to 200°C (257 to 392°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25.26°C (77.5°F)
Fire point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 7.5%
Vapour pressure	: 0.49 kPa (3.7 mm Hg)
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.013 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 250°C (482°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
SADT	: Not available.
SAPT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: 159 mPa·s (159 cP) Kinematic: 157 mm²/s (157 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition
products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of	of exposure
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3492 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	_
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	16.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10332 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5050 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	
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: Not available. Irritation/Corrosion Product/ingradiant name Pocult Spacios

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
vulana	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		mg 87 mg	
xylene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 100 %	-
Skin	: Not available.		•		
Eyes	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Not available.					
Skin	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health eff	ects				
General	: May cause damage to sensitized, a severe all low levels.				
Inhalation	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known significant e	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: Once sensitized, a sev to very low levels.	ere allergic rea	ction may occ	ur when subseq	uently exposed
Eye contact	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.		
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.		
Mutagenicity	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damagin	g the unborn ch	ild.		
Developmental effects	: No known significant e	ffects or critical	hazards.		
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damagin	g fertility.			
Chronic toxicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Not available.					

Section 11. Toxicological info	ormation		
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.TeratogenicityNot available.			
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.Reproductive toxicityNot available.			
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.			
Specific target organ toxicity			
Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene xylene	Category 2 Category 2	-	-
Aspiration hazard	ŀ	·	·
Name			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.			
Numerical measures of toxicity			
Acute toxicity estimates			
Route		ATE value	
Oral Inhalation (vapours)		40993.92 mg/kg 39.96 mg/l	
Other information : Not available.			

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 227000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
xylene	EC50 3.82 mg/l	Crustaceans - Penaeus monodon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

Persistence/degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result			Dose		Inoculum
xylene	OECD 301 F	90 % - 28	8 days		-		-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not availab	le.			Ļ		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-li	ife	F	Photolysi	s		Biodegradability
xylene	-						Readily
Bioaccumulative potential	1		I				1
Product/ingredient name	LogPow		BCF			Poter	ntial
n-butyl acetate	2.3		-			low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-		10 to 250	0		high	
light arom.							
heptan-2-one	2.26		-			low	
8,18-dichloro-5,15-diethyl-	1.1		-			low	
5,15-dihydrodiindolo[3,2-b:3',							
2'-m]triphenodioxazine			0.40				
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63		243			low	
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4		-			high	
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.42		-			low	
xylene	3.12		8.1 to 25.	9		low	

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	New Zealand Class (5433)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group		111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	tion		
New Zealand	: Hazchem code •3	Y	
Hazchem code	: •3Y		
Special precautions		. Ensure that persons trans	ansport in closed containers that are porting the product know what to do i
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments	ccording : Not available.		
	Proper shipping r	name : Not available	9.
	Ship type	: Not available	9.
	Pollution categor	y : Not available	9.
	escription for this product may va e container, mode of transport an		cluding, but not limited to, the volume

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002662
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue	: 10/3/2022
Version	: 12
Prepared by	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	: ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) TLV = Threshold Limit Value WES = Workplace Exposure Standards

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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