RESENE LOW ODOUR MATTING BINDER RESENE AUTOMOTIVE & LIGHT INDUSTRIAL

Version No: 2.3

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Issue Date: **08/03/2022** Print Date: **08/03/2022** L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier	
Product name	RESENE LOW ODOUR MATTING BINDER
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	10699

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

2011110 01 1110 011101 01 1110 011101 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Registered company name	RESENE AUTOMOTIVE & LIGHT INDUSTRIAL	
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Naenae Wellington New Zealand	
Telephone	64 4 5770500	
Fax	+64 4 5773327	
Website	www.resene.co.nz	
Email	advice@resene.co.nz	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE	
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+64 800 700 112	
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 737636	+61 2 9186 1132	

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification ^[1]	Flammable Liquids Category 3, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, Reproductive Toxicity Category 2	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	3.1C, 6.1D (oral), 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.8B	

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)







Signal word W

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

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P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.			
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam to extinguish.			
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.			
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider if you feel unwell.			
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.			
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].			
P330	Rinse mouth.			
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.			
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.			

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
P405	Store locked up.	

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017, EPA consolidation 30 April 2021 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name	
1330-20-7	<0.5 xylene		
108-65-6	70-90 <u>propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate</u>		
Legend:	d: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available		

SECTION 4 First aid measures

B		·		
Description	OΤ	TIFST	aıa	measures

Description of first aid measur	Description of first and measures				
Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.				
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.				
Inhalation	If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.				
Ingestion	 If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. 				

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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Alcohol stable foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	► Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result
Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Liquid and vapour are flammable. Combustion products include: carbon monoxide (CO) carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Р	recautions	for	safe	handling	1
	recautions	101	Jaic	Handini	ч

Safe handling	 Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation.
Other information	► Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	▶ Packing as supplied by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	contact with strong oxidisers

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	xylene	Dimethylbenzene	50 ppm / 217 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
xylene	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

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Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
Ingredient xylene	Original IDLH 900 ppm		Revised IDLH Not Available	

MATERIAL DATA

IFRA Prohibited Fragrance Substance

The International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Standards form the basis for the globally accepted and recognized risk management system for the safe use of fragrance ingredients and are part of the IFRA Code of Practice.

for propylene glycol monomethyl ether (PGME)

Odour Threshold: 10 ppm.

for xylenes:

IDLH Level: 900 ppm

Odour Threshold Value: 20 ppm (detection), 40 ppm (recognition)

NOTE: Detector tubes for o-xylene, measuring in excess of 10 ppm, are available commercially.

Exposure controls

Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	▶ Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. For esters: Do NOT use natural rubber, butyl rubber, EPDM or polystyrene-containing materials.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g. gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas. Approved respirator with a replaceable vapour/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 1715 Standard, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 Standard, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Recommended filter type: Type A filter (organic vapour).

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties Translucent paste **Appearance** Physical state Free-flowing Paste Relative density (Water = 1) 1.06 Partition coefficient n-octanol Odour Not Available Not Available Odour threshold Not Available Auto-ignition temperature (°C) 355 pH (as supplied) Not Available **Decomposition temperature** Not Available Melting point / freezing point Not Available Viscosity (cSt) 1000 Initial boiling point and boiling 145 Molecular weight (g/mol) Not Available range (°C) Flash point (°C) 50 Taste Not Available 0.70 **Evaporation rate** Not Available **Explosive properties** Flammability Flammable Not Available Oxidising properties Surface Tension (dyn/cm or 7.0 Not Available Upper Explosive Limit (%) 1.5 Volatile Component (%vol) Lower Explosive Limit (%) 90

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Vapour pressure (kPa)	0.50	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Partly miscible	pH as a solution (Not Available%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	4.60	VOC g/L	869

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

nformation on toxicological effects				
Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Inhalation hazard is increased at higher temperatures.	/a a navigage greening and flat league) are the most common surroture.		
	Headache, fatigue, lassitude, irritability and gastrointestinal disturbances of xylene overexposure.	(e.g., nausea, anorexia and naturence) are the most common symptoms		
Ingestion	Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration of vomit into the lungs with pneumonitis; serious consequences may result.	the risk of haemorrhaging, pulmonary oedema, progressing to chemical		
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to be a skin irritant (i.e. is unlikely to produce irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives using animal models). Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Skin contact with the material may be harmful; systemic effects may result following absorption.			
Еуе	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Undiluted propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (PGMEA) causes moderate discomfort, slight conjunctival redness and slight corneal injury in rabbits			
Chronic	Exposure to the material may cause concerns for human fertility, generally on the basis that results in animal studies provide sufficient evidence to cause a strong suspicion of impaired fertility in the absence of toxic effects, or evidence of impaired fertility occurring at around the same dose levels as other toxic effects, but which are not a secondary non-specific consequence of other toxic effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with xylenes may cause defatting dermatitis with drying and cracking.			
RESENE LOW ODOUR	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		

RESENE L	OW ODOUR	
MATT	ING BINDER	

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Not Available	Not Available

xylene

TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1700 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (human): 200 ppm irritant		
Inhalation(Rat) LC50; 5000 ppm4h ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 5 mg/24h SEVERE		
Oral (Mouse) LD50; 2119 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 87 mg mild		
	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]		
Skin (rabbit):500 mg/24h moderate			
	Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]		

propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer

TOXICITY		IRRITATION	
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]	
	Oral (Rat) LD50; 3739 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]	

Legend:

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.

Generally, linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hydrolysed to their component alcohols and carboxylic acids in the intestinal tract, blood and

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ACETATE, ALPHA-ISOMER	rabbits; but exposure to 145 ppm and 36 ppm had no a The beta isomer of PGMEA comprises only 10% of the	adverse effects.	omer) was associated with a teratogenic response in 90% is alpha isomer.
RESENE LOW ODOUR MATTING BINDER & PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	for propylene glycol ethers (PGEs): Typical propylene glycol ethers include propylene glycol ether acetate (DPMA); tripropylene glycol methyl ether Testing of a wide variety of propylene glycol ethers Test ethers are less toxic than some ethers of the ethylene s	(TPM). ting of a wide variety of propylene gl series.	ycol ethers has shown that propylene glycol-based
MONOMETHYL ETHER r	A BASF report (in ECETOC) showed that inhalation ex rabbits; but exposure to 145 ppm and 36 ppm had no a material, the remaining 90% is alpha isomer. *Shin-Etsu	adverse effects. The beta isomer of F	,
XYLENE T	most tissues throughout the body. Reproductive effector in rats The material may produce severe irritation to the eye concluded in the material may cause skin irritation after prolonged on the substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited.	or repeated exposure and may produ	ice a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).

Acute loxicity	•	Carcinogenicity	^
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	✓
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×
		Doto oithorn	and available or does not fill the criteria for elegations

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 ✓ − Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

DESCRIE LOW SPOUR	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	9	Species	Value	Sou	ırce
RESENE LOW ODOUR MATTING BINDER	Not Available			Not Available Not Available		Not Available	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Spec	ies		Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	73h	Algae	or other aquatic plants		0.44mg/l	2
xylene	LC50	96h	Fish			2.6mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants			4.6mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crust	acea		1.8mg/l	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Specie	es		Value	Source
	Endpoint NOEC(ECx)	Test Duration (hr)	Specie Fish	es		Value 47.5mg/l	Source 2
ylene glycol monomethyl	· ·			es			Source 2
	NOEC(ECx)	336h	Fish Fish	es		47.5mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	336h 96h	Fish Fish	or other aquatic plants		47.5mg/l >100mg/l	2
ylene glycol monomethyl her acetate, alpha-isomer	NOEC(ECx) LC50 EC50	336h 96h 72h	Fish Fish Algae	or other aquatic plants		47.5mg/l >100mg/l >1000mg/l	2 2 2

for propylene glycol ethers:

Environmental fate:

Most are liquids at room temperature and all are water-soluble.

For aromatic hydrocarbons:

Within an aromatic series, acute toxicity increases with increasing alkyl substitution on the aromatic nucleus.

For xylenes : log Koc : 2.05-3.08 Koc: 25.4-204

Half-life (hr) air : 0.24-42 Half-life (hr) H2O surface water : 24-672

Half-life (hr) H2O ground : 336-8640 Half-life (hr) soil : 52-672 Henry's Pa m3 /mol: 637-879

Henry's atm m3 /mol: 7.68E-03 BOD 5 if unstated: 1.4,1% COD: 2.56,13% ThOD: 3.125

BCF: 23 log BCF: 1.17-2.41 **Environmental Fate**

Terrestrial fate:: Measured Koc values of 166 and 182, indicate that 3-xylene is expected to have moderate mobility in soil.

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For glycol ethers:

Environmental fate:

Ether groups are generally stable to hydrolysis in water under neutral conditions and ambient temperatures.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
xylene	HIGH (Half-life = 360 days)	LOW (Half-life = 1.83 days)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
xylene	MEDIUM (BCF = 740)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	LOW (LogKOW = 0.56)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	HIGH (KOC = 1.838)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. ► Recycle wherever possible. Product / Packaging disposal Consult manufacturer for recycling option. Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

Do not allow product or wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains or watercourses. It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product should comply with Hazard Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 (EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021) and local regulations.

Flammable substance can be disposed of if the substance is treated by using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance, or exporting the substance from New Zealand as waste.

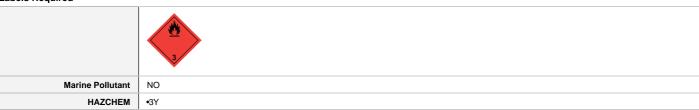
For treating and discharging processes contact your local authority.

The treating may include burning the substance if the burning is managed to ensure that no person, or place where a person may legally be present.

The substance may be discharged into the environment as waste or disposed into a landfill if the substance will not come into contact with oxidising substances and where is no ignition source which is capable to ignite the substance.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required



Land transport (UN)

UN number	1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3 Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 163; 223; 367 Limited quantity 5 L		

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Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1263			
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (in	cluding paint thinning or reducing comp	ounds)	
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	3 Not Applicable 3L		
Packing group	III			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
Special precautions for user	Special provisions Cargo Only Packing Ir Cargo Only Maximum Passenger and Cargo Passenger and Cargo Passenger and Cargo	Qty / Pack Packing Instructions	A3 A72 A192 366 220 L 355 60 L Y344	
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	10 L	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 3 IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	EMS Number Special provisions Limited Quantities	F-E, S-E 163 223 367 955 5 L	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
xylene	Not Available
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
xylene	Not Available
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard	
HSR002662	Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard 2020	

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

xylene is found on the following regulatory lists

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer is found on the following regulatory lists

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New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity (Closed Containers)	Quantity (Open Containers)
3.1C	500 L in containers more than 5 L	250 L
3.1C	1 500 L in containers up to and including 5 L	250 L

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
3.1C or 3.1D				10 L

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	08/03/2022
Initial Date	03/09/2020

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
1.3	07/03/2022	Acute Health (eye), Acute Health (inhaled), Acute Health (skin), Acute Health (swallowed), Advice to Doctor, Chronic Health, Classification, Disposal, Exposure Standard, Fire Fighter (extinguishing media), First Aid (inhaled), First Aid (swallowed), Handling Procedure, Ingredients, Instability Condition, Personal Protection (hands/feet), Physical Properties, Storage (storage incompatibility)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancel

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

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ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances NLP: No-Longer Polymers ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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