RESENE WASH N SHINE RESENE AUTOMOTIVE & LIGHT INDUSTRIAL

Version No: 2.6.7.10

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

lssue Date: 01/09/2021 Print Date: 01/09/2021 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier	
Product name	RESENE WASH N SHINE
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 10879

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	RESENE AUTOMOTIVE & LIGHT INDUSTRIAL	
Address	-50 Vogel Street Naenae Wellington New Zealand	
Telephone	+64 4 5770500	
Fax	+64 4 5773327	
Website	www.resene.co.nz	
Email	ail advice@resene.co.nz	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+61 2 9186 1132
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 737636	+64 800 700 112

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 3	
Legen	I: 1. Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwate using GHS/HSNO criter	6 3A 6 4A 9 1C	

Label elements



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.	
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P337+P313	f eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.	
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
6834-92-0	0.1-1	sodium metasilicate, anhydrous
61791-31-9	<2	coconut diethanolamide
9016-45-9	<2	nonylphenol. ethoxylated
84133-50-6	1-5	alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated
Legend:	 Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available 	

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measur	es
Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Water spray or fog.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents.	
Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	► Non combustible.	

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Environmental hazard. Contain spill with sawdust or sand then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Environmental hazard. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations. If the product contaminates waterways, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Safe handling	 Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	3.8 mg/m3	42 mg/m3		250 mg/m3
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	4.5 mg/m3 49 mg/m3			300 mg/m3
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	43 mg/m3	470 mg/m3		5,400 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	Not Available		Not Available	
coconut diethanolamide	Not Available		Not Available	
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Not Available		Not Available	
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available		Not Available	

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	E	≤ 0.01 mg/m³
coconut diethanolamide	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into s adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this pro-	

range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.

MATERIAL DATA

Sensory irritants are chemicals that produce temporary and undesirable side-effects on the eyes, nose or throat.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	

Eye and face protection	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.

Respiratory protection

No special measures required.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

1

Appearance	Clear solution		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.02
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	7-9	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	85
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	0

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological ef	fects
Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'.
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.

Eye	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material ma produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours Some nonionic surfactants may produce a localised anaesthetic effec produced by other substances and lead to corneal injury.	or more after instillation into the	ne eye(s) of experimental animals.	
Chronic	None known			
RESENE WASH N SHINE	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available		
sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1] Inhalation(Rat) LC50; >2.06 mg/l4h ^[1] Oral(Rat) LD50; 600 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Skin (human): 250 mg/24h SEVERE Skin (rabbit): 250 mg/24h SEVERE		
coconut diethanolamide	TOXICITY Inhalation(Rat) LC50; 44 ppm4h ^[2] Oral(Rat) LD50; 2700 mg/kg ^[2]		IRRITATION Not Available	
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	TOXICITY Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 1851.2 mg/kg ^[2] Oral(Rat) LD50; 1310 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Eye (rabbit): 5 mg SEVERE Eye: adverse effect observed Skin (human): 15 mg/3D mild Skin (rabbit): 500 mg mild Skin: adverse effect observed		
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available		
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of che		n manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise	
RESENE WASH N SHINE	Exposure to the material may result in a possible risk of irreversible	effects.		
(C10-13)- SEC-ALKYLBENZENESULFONIC ACID, TRIETHANOLAMINE SALT	* for similar product For triethanolamine (and its salts): Acute toxicity: Triethanolamine is of low toxicity by the oral, derma	al and inhalation routes of expo	sure.	
SODIUM METASILICATE, ANHYDROUS	The material may produce severe skin irritation after prolonged or r	epeated exposure, and may pro	oduce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).	
COCONUT DIETHANOLAMIDE	*Ethoquad C/12 SDS In a study of dermal application in mice, coconut oil diethanolamine hepatocellular carcinoma and hepatocellular adenoma in males and Fatty acid amides (FAA) are ubiquitous in household and commerci For Fatty Nitrogen Derived (FND) Amides (including several high m The chemicals in the Fatty Nitrogen Derived (FND) Amides of surfa environmental fate and toxicity. for diethanolamine (DEA): In animal studies, DEA has low acute toxicity via the oral and derma WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Gro The material may produce moderate eye irritation leading to inflamm	d females, and of hepatoblastor al environments. nolecular weight alkyl amino ac ctants are similar to the class ir al routes with moderate skin irri pup 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic t	na in males. id amides) n general as to physical/chemical properties, tation and severe eye irritation.	
NONYLPHENOL, ETHOXYLATED	For nonylphenol and its compounds: Alkylphenols like nonylphenol and bisphenol A have estrogenic effer for nonylphenol: Nonylphenol was studied for oral toxicity in rats in a 28-day repeat of The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated e	dose toxicity test at doses of 0,		
RESENE WASH N SHINE & (C10-13)- SEC-ALKYLBENZENESULFONIC ACID, TRIETHANOLAMINE SALT	Linear alkylbenzene sulfonates (LAS) are classified as Irritant (Xi) w damage to eyes) according to CESIO (CESIO 2000).	vith the risk phrases R38 (Irritat	ing to skin) and R41 (Risk of serious	
(C10-13)- SEC-ALKYLBENZENESULFONIC ACID, TRIETHANOLAMINE SALT & COCONUT DIETHANOLAMIDE & ALCOHOLS C12-14 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.			

SODIUM METASILICATE, ANHYDROUS & COCONUT DIETHANOLAMIDE	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.
COCONUT DIETHANOLAMIDE & NONYLPHENOL, ETHOXYLATED	The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation.
NONYLPHENOL, ETHOXYLATED & ALCOHOLS C12-14 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED	 Polyethers, for example, ethoxylated surfactants and polyethylene glycols, are highly susceptible towards air oxidation as the ether oxygens will stabilize intermediary radicals involved. Human beings have regular contact with alcohol ethoxylates through a variety of industrial and consumer products such as soaps, detergents, and other cleaning products . Alcohol ethoxylates are according to CESIO (2000) classified as Irritant or Harmful depending on the number of EO-units: EO < 5 gives Irritant (Xi) with R38 (Irritating to skin) and R41 (Risk of serious damage to eyes) EO > 5-15 gives Harmful (Xn) with R22 (Harmful if swallowed) - R38/41 EO > 15-20 gives Harmful (Xn) with R22-41 >20 EO is not classified (CESIO 2000) Oxo-AE, C13 EO10 and C13 EO15, are Irritating (Xi) with R36/38 (Irritating to eyes and skin) . AE are not included in Annex 1 of the list of dangerous substances of the Council Directive 67/548/EEC In general, alcohol ethoxylates (AE) are readily absorbed through the skin of guinea pigs and rats and through the gastrointestinal mucosa of rats. For high boiling ethylene glycol ethers (typically triethylene- and tetraethylene glycol ethers): Skin absorption: Available skin absorption data for triethylene glycol ether (TGBE), triethylene glycol methyl ether (TGME), and triethylene glycol ether having the highest permeation constant and the butyl ether having the lowest.
	X Carcinogenicity X

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×
			available or does not fill the criteria for classification

Data entrier not available to does
 Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

RESENE WASH N SHINE	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Sourc	е
	Not Available		Not Available	Not Available	Not Avai	lable	Not Av	vailable	
	Endpoint	Test	Duration (hr)	Speci	Species		Value		Source
	EC50(ECx)	48h		Crusta	acea		22.94-49	9.01mg/l	4
sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	EC50	72h		Algae	or other aquatic plants		207mg/l		2
uniyurouo	LC50	96h		Fish			180mg/l		1
	EC50	48h		Crusta	acea		22.94-49	9.01mg/l	4
	En la chat	-						Mala a	0
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)			Species			Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	504h 72h			Crustacea			0.07mg/l	1
coconut diethanolamide	EC50				Algae or other aquatic plants			2.2mg/l	1
	LC50		6h					2.52mg/l	1
	EC50		8h		Crustacea			2.25mg/l	1
	EC50	9	6h		Algae or other aquatic pl	ants		2.2mg/l	1
	Endpoint	Tes	t Duration (hr)	Spe	Species		Value	•	Source
	BCF	100	8h	Fish	Fish		<0.2		7
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	EC50(ECx)	120	h	Crus	Crustacea			0.08-0.29mg/l	
	EC50	96h		Alga	Algae or other aquatic plants		12mg/l		4
	EC50	48h	48h		Crustacea		13-16mg/l		4
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	For day a line		Tast Duration (ba)		Orecia	Value		0	
	Endpoint Not Available				Species Value Not Available Not Avail		ailable Not Avai		-
	<u> </u>		1		1				

Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	LOW	LOW
Bioaccumulative potential		
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	LOW (BCF = 16)	
Mobility in soil		
wobinty in soli		
Ingredient	Mobility	
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	LOW (KOC = 940)	

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods		
Product / Packaging disposal	 Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty. Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. Consult manufacturer for recycling option. Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment. 	

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

Do not allow product or wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains or watercourses. It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product should comply with Hazard Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 (EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021).

For treating and discharging processes contact your local authority.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
(C10-13)- sec-alkylbenzenesulfonic acid, triethanolamine salt	Not Available
sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	Not Available
coconut diethanolamide	Not Available
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Not Available
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
(C10-13)- sec-alkylbenzenesulfonic acid, triethanolamine salt	Not Available
sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	Not Available
coconut diethanolamide	Not Available

Page 8 of 9 RESENE WASH N SHINE

Product name Ship Type nonylphenol, ethoxylated Not Available alcohols C12-14 secondary Not Available ethoxylated **SECTION 15 Regulatory information** Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard HSR Number Group Standard HSR002530 Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020 Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit. (C10-13)-sec-alkylbenzenesulfonic acid, triethanolamine salt is found on the following regulatory lists Not Applicable sodium metasilicate, anhydrous is found on the following regulatory lists New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) of Chemicals coconut diethanolamide is found on the following regulatory lists Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC of Chemicals New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification Monographs International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC of Chemicals - Classification Data Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls nonylphenol, ethoxylated is found on the following regulatory lists Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated is found on the following regulatory lists New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data of Chemicals New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Hazardous Substance Location Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017. Hazard Class Quantities Not Applicable Not Applicable Certified Handler Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017. Class of substance Quantities Not Applicable Not Applicable Refer Group Standards for further information Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017. Hazard Class Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL) Solid (kg) Maximum quantity per package for each classification Liquid (L) Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable **Tracking Requirements** Not Applicable National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	01/09/2021
Initial Date	06/11/2018

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
1.6.7.10	01/09/2021	Classification

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances NLP: No-Longer Polymers ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas NCI: National Chemical Inventory FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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end of SDS