RESENE AUTOMOTIVE & LIGHT INDUSTRIAL

Version No: 1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations Issue Date: 03/04/2019 Print Date: 03/04/2019 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	RALI MARINE SHIELD ULTRAFLEX REDUCER
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

6663

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	RESENE AUTOMOTIVE & LIGHT INDUSTRIAL
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Naenae Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 5770500
Fax	+64 4 5773327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+64 800 700 112
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 737636	+61 2 9186 1132

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification ^[1]	Eye Irritation Category 2A, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 2, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Flammable Liquid Category 2, Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Reproductive Toxicity Category 2, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Acute Vertebrate Hazard Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	3.1B, 6.1D (inhalation), 6.1D (oral), 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.8B, 6.9B, 9.1C, 9.1D, 9.3C

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	
SIGNAL WORD	DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
1319	Causes serious eye imitation.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H433	Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

Issue Date: 03/04/2019 Print Date: 03/04/2019

RALI MARINE SHIELD ULTRAFLEX REDUCER

Precautionary	statement(s)	Prevention
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P201	Obtain special instructions before use.		
Precautionary statement(s) Re	esponse		
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam to extinguish.		
Precautionary statement(s) St	Precautionary statement(s) Storage		
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.		
Precautionary statement(s) Disposal			
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.		
SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
77-58-7	0.1-1	dibutyltin dilaurate
108-88-3	40-80	toluene

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	If aerosols, fumes or combustion products are inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

▶ Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents.
Advice for firefighters	
Advice for menginers	
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Liquid and vapour are highly flammable. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

Contains low boiling substance: Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup under fire conditions.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Version No: 1.1

RALI MARINE SHIELD ULTRAFLEX REDUCER

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non- sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. Contains low boiling substance: Storage in sealed containers may result in pressure buildup causing violent rupture of containers not rated appropriately. Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	 Store in original containers in approved flame-proof area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Packing as supplied by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	strong oxidisers

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	dibutyltin dilaurate	Tin metal: Organic compounds, as Sn	0.1 mg/m3	0.2 mg/m3	Not Available	(skin) - Skin absorption
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	toluene	Toluene (Toluol)	50 ppm / 188 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(skin) - Skin absorption

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
dibutyltin dilaurate	Dibutyltin dilaurate; (Dibutylbis(lauroyloxy)stannane)	1.1 mg/m3	8 mg/m3	48 mg/m3
toluene	Toluene	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH		
dibutyltin dilaurate	25 mg/m3	Not Available		
toluene	500 ppm	Not Available		

MATERIAL DATA

IFRA Prohibited Fragrance Substance

The International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Standards form the basis for the globally accepted and recognized risk management system for the safe use of fragrance ingredients and are part of the IFRA Code of Practice.

Odour Threshold Value: 0.12 ppm (detection and recognition)

Exposure at the TLV-TWA produces minimal irritation and this limit is significantly lower than the concentration reported to just induce demonstrable changes in the liver and kidneys of rabbits repeatedly exposed to the substance (190 ppm).

For n-butyl acetate

Odour Threshold Value: 0.0063 ppm (detection), 0.038-12 ppm (recognition)

Exposure at or below the recommended TLV-TWA is thought to prevent significant irritation of the eyes and respiratory passages as well as narcotic effects.

for propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (PGMEA)

Saturated vapour concentration: 4868 ppm at 20 C.

For diethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

CEL TWA: 15.5 ppm, 100 mg/m3 (CEL = Chemwatch Exposure Limit)

In studies involving the inhalation toxicity of diethylene glycol monobutyl ether, exposure for 6 hours daily at 100 mg/m3 had no effect.

for methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK):

Unfatigued, odour recognition threshold (100% test panel) is 0.3 - 0.5 ppm.

For cyclohexanone

Version No: 1.1

RALI MARINE SHIELD ULTRAFLEX REDUCER

For toluene:

Odour Threshold Value: 0.16-6.7 (detection), 1.9-69 (recognition) NOTE: Detector tubes measuring in excess of 5 ppm, are available.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g. gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the 'Exposure Standard' (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2	A-PAPR-2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear colourless liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.876
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	>530
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	116	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	11	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	>2.4	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	6.7	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	1.3	Volatile Component (%vol)	99.2
Vapour pressure (kPa)	>7	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	867

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE

normation on toxicological	enecis					
Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generate Acute effects from inhalation of high concentrations of va - characterised by headache and dizziness, increased re	pour are pulmonary	irritation	, including coughing, with nausea; central nervous system depression		
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be harmful; animal experiments indicate that ingestion of less than 150 gram may be fatal or may produce serious damage to the health of the individual. Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration of vomit into the lungs with the risk of haemorrhaging, pulmonary oedema, progressing to chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences may result. At sufficiently high doses the material may be hepatotoxic (i.e. poisonous to the liver).					
Skin Contact	 The material produces moderate skin irritation; evidence exists, or practical expenence predicts, that the material either produces moderate inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant, but moderate, inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals (for up to four hours), such inflammation being predicted twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. 					
Eye	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four h The liquid produces a high level of eye discomfort and is	nours or more after in	stillation			
Chronic		tic effects, or evidence equence of other toxic	e of imp c effects			
RALI MARINE SHIELD	TOXICITY		IRRIT	ITATION		
ULTRAFLEX REDUCER	Not Available		Not Av	Available		
	l					
	TOXICITY			IRRITATION		
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]			Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/24h -moderate		
dibutyltin dilaurate	Inhalation (mouse) LC50: 0.075 mg/l/2H ^[2]			Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild		
	Oral (rat) LD50: 175 mg/kg ^[2]					
	TOXICITY	IRRITATI	NC			
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Eye (rabb		bit): 2mg/24h - SEVERE			
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 49 mg/l/4H ^[2]	Eye (rabb	it):0.87 r	37 mg - mild		
	[0]			0 mg/30sec - mild		
toluene		Eye: adve	rse effec	ffect observed (irritating) ^[1]		
	Skin (rabbit):20			mg/24h-moderate		
		Skin (rabb	it):500 n	ng - moderate		
		Skin: adve	erse effe	ect observed (irritating) ^[1]		
		Skin: no a	dverse e	effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substa data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of G			e obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified		
RALI MARINE SHIELD ULTRAFLEX REDUCER	acetate (DPMA); tripropylene glycol methyl ether (TPM).	osure to 545 ppm P0		ene glycol n-butyl ether (DPnB); dipropylene glycol methyl ether beta isomer) was associated with a teratogenic response in rabbits;		

TOLUENE The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). For toluene: RALI MARINE SHIELD Acute Toxicity ULTRAFLEX REDUCER & Humans exposed to intermediate to high levels of toluene for short periods of time experience adverse central nervous system effects ranging from TOLUENE headaches to intoxication, convulsions, narcosis, and death. Carcinogenicity Acute Toxicity × -Skin Irritation/Corrosion ~ Reproductivity ~ Serious Eye Damage/Irritation ~ STOT - Single Exposure ~

Exposure to the material may result in a possible risk of irreversible effects.

Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×
		Legend: 🗙 – Data eithe	er not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

Legend:

Data entrem not available of a set available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

RALI MARINE SHIELD	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)		SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
ULTRAFLEX REDUCER	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available	Not Availa	ble	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECI	ES		VALUE	SOURCE
dibutyltin dilaurate	EC50	48	Crusta	cea		<0.463mg/L	2
dioutyttin diaurate	EC50	72	Algae	or other aquatic plants		>1mg/L	2
	NOEC	48	Crusta	cea		1.7mg/L	2
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPEC	SPECIES		VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	Fish		0.0073mg/L	4
	EC50	48	Crusta	Crustacea		3.78mg/L	5
toluene	EC50	72	Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		12.5mg/L	4
	BCF	24	Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		10mg/L	4
	NOEC	168	Crusta	icea		0.74mg/L	5
Legend:		ICLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, 1					

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
dibutyltin dilaurate	HIGH	HIGH
toluene	LOW (Half-life = 28 days)	LOW (Half-life = 4.33 days)

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
dibutyltin dilaurate	LOW (BCF = 110)
toluene	LOW (BCF = 90)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
dibutyltin dilaurate	LOW (KOC = 64610000)
toluene	LOW (KOC = 268)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	 Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty. Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. Recycle wherever possible. Consult manufacturer for recycling option. Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.
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Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

Issue Date: 03/04/2019 Print Date: 03/04/2019

RALI MARINE SHIELD ULTRAFLEX REDUCER

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO Not Applicable
HAZCHEM	•3YE

Land transport (UN)

UN number	1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3 Subrisk Not Applicable
Packing group	I
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 163; 367 Limited quantity 5 L

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1263	1263		
UN proper shipping name	Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base); Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)			
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	3 Not Applicable 3L		
Packing group	II			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
	Special provisions Cargo Only Packing In	structions	A3 A72 A192 364	
	Cargo Only Maximum (60 L	
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions		353	
	Passenger and Cargo	Maximum Qty / Pack	5L	
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y341	
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	1L	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including pain paint thinning or reduc	t, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including sing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 3 IMDG Subrisk 1	3 Not Applicable
Packing group	Ш	
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	EMS Number Special provisions Limited Quantities	F-E , S-E 163 367 5 L

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard			
HSR002662	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017		
DIBUTYLTIN DILAURATE	(77-58-7) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LI	STS		
International Air Transport A	ssociation (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)		
International Maritime Dang	erous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)	New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)		
New Zealand Hazardous Su Chemicals	ubstances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (English)		
New Zealand Hazardous Su	ubstances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of			
Chemicals - Classification E	Data DUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS			
TOLUENE(108-88-3) IS FC		International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)		
TOLUENE(108-88-3) IS FO	DUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of		
TOLUENE(108-88-3) IS FC GESAMP/EHS Composite I IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: 5	DUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS			
TOLUENE(108-88-3) IS FC GESAMP/EHS Composite I IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: S IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - L IMO Provisional Categorizat	DUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles Summary of minimum requirements	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of		
TOLUENE(108-88-3) IS FC GESAMP/EHS Composite I IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: S IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - L IMO Provisional Categorizat	DUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles Summary of minimum requirements List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk tion of Liquid Substances - List 3: (Trade-named) mixtures	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of		
TOLUENE(108-88-3) IS FC GESAMP/EHS Composite I IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: 5 IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - L IMO Provisional Categorizat containing at least 99% by w hazards	DUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles Summary of minimum requirements List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk tion of Liquid Substances - List 3: (Trade-named) mixtures	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data		
TOLUENE(108-88-3) IS FC GESAMP/EHS Composite I IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: 5 IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - L IMO Provisional Categorizat containing at least 99% by w hazards	DUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles Summary of minimum requirements List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk tion of Liquid Substances - List 3: (Trade-named) mixtures reight of components already assessed by IMO, presenting safety	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)		

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
3.1B	100 L in containers greater than 5 L 250 L in containers up to and including 5 L	50 L 50 L

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
3.1B	250 L (when in containers greater than 5 L) 500 L (when in containers up to and including 5 L)

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (toluene; dibutyltin dilaurate)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - ARIPS	Yes
Thailand - TECI	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All ingredients are on the inventory No = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	03/04/2019
Initial Date	23/07/2015

Version No: 1.1

RALI MARINE SHIELD ULTRAFLEX REDUCER

end of SDS

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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