

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Perfect-ItTM 1 Finishing Material, 36064, 36065, 36068

Product Identification Numbers

60-4550-7164-1

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive., Polish

For Industrial or Professional use only

1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland

Telephone: (09) 477 4040

E Mail: innovation@nz.mmm.com

Website: 3m.co.nz

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996, the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017 and Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017. Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS	HSNO		
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 3	6.3B Irritating to the skin		
Skin Sensitiser: Category 1	6.5B Skin sensitiser		
Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2	9.1D Aquatic toxicity (acute)		
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3	9.1C Aquatic toxicity (chronic)		

2.2. Label elements SIGNAL WORD

WARNING!

Symbols:

Exclamation mark |

Pictograms



HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280E Wear protective gloves.

P272A Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P302 + P352

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332 + P313

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333 + P313

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 + P364

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P321

Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

 $local/regional/national/international\ regulations.$

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Water	7732-18-5	40 - 70
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10 - 30
Glycerol	56-81-5	1 - 5
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1 - 5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbons.During combustion.Carbon monoxide.During combustion.Carbon dioxide.During combustion.Oxides of nitrogen.During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

5.4. Hazchem code: Not applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15 - Controls for more information

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

7.3. Certified handler

Not required

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Glycerol	56-81-5	New Zealand	TWA(as mist)(8 hours):10	
		WES	mg/m3	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon	A3: Confirmed animal
			vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	carcin., SKIN
Mineral oils, highly-refined oils	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5	A4: Not class. as human
			mg/m3	carcinogin
Paraffin oil	8042-47-5	New Zealand	TWA(as mist)(8 hours):5	_
		WES	mg/m3;STEL(as mist)(15	
			minutes):10 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines New Zealand WES: New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

ppm: parts per million

mg/m³: milligrams per cubic metre

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid.

Appearance/Odour No odour. Dark blue liquid.

Odour threshold *No data available.*

Н 7.5 - 9

Melting point/Freezing point

No data available.

Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range

No data available.

Flash point >=93.3 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo data available.Flammability (solid, gas)Not applicable.Flammable Limits(LEL)No data available.Flammable Limits(UEL)No data available.Vapour pressureNo data available.Vapour densityNo data available.Density1.05 - 1.08 g/ml

Relative density 1.05 - 1.1 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Water solubility No data available.
Solubility- non-water No data available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available.Autoignition temperatureNo data available.Decomposition temperatureNo data available.Viscosity30,000 - 35,000 mPa-sMolecular weightNo data available.

Volatile organic compounds (VOC)

16.1 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]

Volatile organic compounds (VOC)

173 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

Percent volatile 78.5 % weight

VOC less H2O & exempt solvents 527 g/l [*Test Method*:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u> <u>Condition</u>

None known.

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eve contact

Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Scribus Lyc Damage III tation					
Name	Species	Value			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant			
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation			
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant			

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Glycerol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

	Name	Route	Value
_			

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Character 1	T	M	
Glycerol	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Glycerol	Inhalation	respiratory system heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerol	Ingestion	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years

		kidney and/or bladder				
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2 (HSNO 9.1D Aquatic toxicity) Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3 (HSNO 9.1C Aquatic toxicity)

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level 50%	1.4 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect Level	1 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	No obs Effect Level	0.48 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level 50%	>100 mg/l

White mineral	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Level	>100 mg/l
oil (petroleum)					50%	
White mineral	8042-47-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect	>100 mg/l
oil (petroleum)		_			Level	
White mineral	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	No obs Effect	>100 mg/l
oil (petroleum)				-	Level	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not			N/A	
(petroleum),		availbl-				
hydrotreated		insufficient				
light						
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental	14 days	BOD	63 %	OECD 301C - MITI
		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	test (I)
White mineral	8042-47-5	Experimental	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified
oil (petroleum)		Biodegradation	-			sturm or CO2

12.3: Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(petroleum),		available or				
hydrotreated		insufficient for				
light		classification				
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental		Log Kow	-1.76	Other methods
		Bioconcentrati				
		on				
White mineral	8042-47-5	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
oil (petroleum)		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Packaging (that may or may not contain any residual substance) may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable. Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable.

IERG: Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable. Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

HSNO Approval number HSR002670

Group standard name Surface Coatings and Colourants (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017

HSNO Hazard classification Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification

NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

Controls in accordance with the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Certified handler Not required
Location Compliance Certificate Not required
Hazardous atmosphere zone Not required
Fire extinguishers Not required

Emergency response plan 100 L or 100 kg (for a HSNO 9.1A substance); or 1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a

HSNO 6.1D, 6.5A, 6.5B, 9.1B or 9.1C substance); or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg

(for a HSNO 6.6A, 6.8A, 6.9A, 8.3A, 9.1D substance)

Secondary containment 100 L or 100 kg (for a HSNO 9.1A substance); or 1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a

HSNO 6.1D, 6.5A, 6.5B, 9.1B or 9.1C substance); or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg

(for a HSNO 6.6A, 6.8A, 6.9A, 8.3A, 9.1D substance)

Tracking Not required

Warning signage 100 L or 100 kg (for a HSNO 9.1A substance); or 1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a

HSNO 8.3A, 9.1B or 9.1C substance); or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg (for a HSNO

6.1D or 9.1D substance)

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

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Key to abbreviations and acronyms

GHS means the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 5th revised edition 2013 HSNO means Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

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