



Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Rubberized Undercoating Black, PN 08883

Product Identification Numbers

60-4551-0228-9

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive.

For Industrial or Professional use only

1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland
Telephone: (09) 477 4040
E Mail: innovation@nz.mmm.com
Website: 3m.co.nz

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996 and the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosol: Category 1
Skin irritation: Category 2
Eye irritation: Category 2
Carcinogenicity: Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 3 narcotic effects
Hazardous to the aquatic environment chronic: Category 3

2.2. Label elements

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Symbols:

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H370	Causes damage to organs: cardiovascular system.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system respiratory system sensory organs.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280K	Wear protective gloves and respiratory protection.

Response

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313	IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage

P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.
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2.3. Other hazards

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	10 - 30
Talc	14807-96-6	10 - 30
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - 30
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	64742-93-4	< 15
Propane	74-98-6	7 - 15
Asphalt	8052-42-4	< 15
Alpha-Methylstyrene-Isoamylene-Piperylene Polymer	62258-49-5	5 - 10
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	5 - 10
Butadiene-Styrene-Meta-Divinylbenzene Polymer	26471-45-4	3 - 7
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	1 - 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.5 - 1.5
Styrene-Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	0.5 - 1.5
Methanol	67-56-1	< 0.5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 0.02

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

A product risk assessment is recommended to determine if eye wash facilities may be required when using this product in the workplace.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Hydrocarbons.
Formaldehyde
Carbon monoxide.
Carbon dioxide.
Hydrogen Sulfide
Oxides of sulphur.

Condition

During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

5.4. Hazchem code: 2YE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate

solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15 - Controls for more information

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Certified handler

Not required

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcinogen, Ototoxicant
Toluene	108-88-3	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):75 mg/m3(20 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):377 mg/m3(100 ppm)	Skin
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	AIHA	TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 766 mg/m3 (400 ppm); STEL(15 minutes): 958 mg/m3 (500 ppm)	
Carbon black	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen.
Carbon black	1333-86-4	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 3 mg/m3	Suspected human carcinogen.
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcinogen
Talc	14807-96-6	New Zealand WES	TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):2 mg/m3	
Naphtha	64742-89-8	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):1600 mg/m3(400 ppm)	
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	Danger of cutaneous absorption
Methanol	67-56-1	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):262 mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):328	Skin

Benzene	71-43-2	ACGIH	mg/m ³ (250 ppm) TWA:0.5 ppm;STEL:2.5 ppm	A1: Confirmed human carcin., SKIN
Benzene	71-43-2	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):0.16 mg/m ³ (0.05 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):2.5 ppm	Class-subclass 6.7, carc HCA, Confirmed human carcinogen, SKIN
Propane	74-98-6	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant
Propane	74-98-6	New Zealand WES	Limit value not established:	Explosion hazard - asphyxiant
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):606 mg/m ³ (200 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):757 mg/m ³ (250 ppm)	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	ACGIH	TWA(as benzene solubles, inh fume):0.5 mg/m ³	A4: Not class. as human carcinogen
Asphalt	8052-42-4	New Zealand WES	TWA(as fume)(8 hours): 5 mg/m ³	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

New Zealand WES : New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

ppm: parts per million

mg/m³: milligrams per cubic metre

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full face shield.

Indirect vented goggles.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid. In aerosol container
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol
Colour	Black
Odour	Solvent
Odour threshold	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Melting point/Freezing point	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	<i>No data available.</i>
Flash point	4 °C [<i>Test Method:</i> Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour pressure	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	<i>No data available.</i>
Density	1.08 g/ml
Relative density	1.08 [<i>Ref Std:</i> WATER=1]
Water solubility	<i>No data available.</i>
Solubility- non-water	<i>No data available.</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>No data available.</i>
Autoignition temperature	≥263 °C [<i>Details:</i> literature value]
Decomposition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	7,500 mPa-s
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	39.4 % weight [<i>Test Method:</i> calculated per CARB title 2]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	426 g/l [<i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	48.4 % weight
VOC less H₂O & exempt solvents	529 g/l [<i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Average particle size	<i>No data available.</i>
Bulk density	<i>No data available.</i>
Molecular weight	<i>No data available.</i>
Softening point	<i>No data available.</i>

* The values noted with an asterisk (*) in the above table are representative values based on testing of raw materials and selected products. Additionally, a material's characteristics may change depending upon the process and conditions of use at a facility, including further changes in particle size, or mixture with other materials. In order to obtain specific data for the material, we recommend the user conduct characterization testing based on the use factors at the specific facility.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Sparks and/or flames.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reducing agents.

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
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None known.	
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Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Single exposure, above recommended

guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests. Ocular effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision.

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Olfactory effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odours and complete loss of smell. Neurological effects:

Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Acetate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 49 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Asphalt	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Asphalt	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Alpha-Methylstyrene-Isoamylene-Piperylene Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Alpha-Methylstyrene-Isoamylene-Piperylene Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 40,000 mg/kg
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.2 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Butadiene-Styrene-Meta-Divinylbenzene Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Butadiene-Styrene-Meta-Divinylbenzene Polymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 164,000 ppm
Styrene-Butadiene Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

Styrene-Butadiene Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Carbon black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
Methanol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg
Methanol	Inhalation-Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
Methanol	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg
Benzene	Dermal	Multiple animal species	LD50 > 8,260 mg/kg
Benzene	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 43.8 mg/l
Benzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,970 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Asphalt	Human	Minimal irritation
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	Human	Minimal irritation
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Rabbit	Irritant
Butadiene-Styrene-Meta-Divinylbenzene Polymer	Professional judgement	Minimal irritation
Styrene-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Carbon black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methanol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Benzene	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Acetate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Asphalt	Human	Mild irritant
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	Human	Mild irritant
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carbon black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methanol	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Benzene	Rabbit	Severe irritant

Sensitisation:

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Toluene	Guinea pig	Not classified
Methyl Acetate	Human	Not classified
Methanol	Guinea pig	Not classified

Benzene	Multiple animal species	Not classified
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Photosensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Asphalt	Human	Not sensitizing
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	Human	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl Acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Methyl Acetate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Asphalt	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Asphalt	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dimethyl Ether	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dimethyl Ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Carbon black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Benzene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Benzene	In vivo	Mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Asphalt	Not specified.	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	Not specified.	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Carbon black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.
Methanol	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Benzene	Dermal	Mouse	Carcinogenic.
Benzene	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic.
Benzene	Inhalation	Human	Carcinogenic.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Talc	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesis
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 40,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Methanol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	21 days
Methanol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Mouse	LOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Methanol	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	during organogenesis
Benzene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 0.96 mg/l	premating into lactation
Benzene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 0.032 mg/l	during organogenesis
Benzene	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	90 days

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	blindness	Not classified		NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 10,000 ppm	30 minutes
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	5 minutes
Methanol	Inhalation	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 hours
Methanol	Ingestion	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Methanol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Benzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available.	
Benzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available.	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system eyes olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL 11.3	15 weeks

3M™ Rubberized Undercoating Black, PN 08883

				animal species	mg/l	
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	28 days
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.1 mg/l	28 days
Asphalt	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20,000 ppm	30 weeks
Carbon black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methanol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.55 mg/l	4 weeks
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 13.1 mg/l	6 weeks
Methanol	Ingestion	liver nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Benzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available.	
Benzene	Inhalation	heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair liver immune system muscles nervous system eyes kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.96 mg/l	90 days
Benzene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	90 days
Benzene	Ingestion	heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	90 days

		immune system nervous system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system				
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Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Toluene	Aspiration hazard
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity**Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.**

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	EC50	6,000 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	>120 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1,026.7 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	120 mg/l
Talc	14807-96-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Grass Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	9.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Leopard frog	Experimental	9 days	LC50	0.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Pink Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.41 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	40 days	NOEC	1.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	10 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.74 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Activated sludge	Experimental	12 hours	IC50	292 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	29 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	84 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Redworm	Experimental	28 days	LC50	>150 mg per kg of bodyweight
Toluene	108-88-3	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	<26 mg/kg (Dry Weight)

Asphalt	8052-42-4	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	64742-93-4	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane	74-98-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alpha-Methylstyrene-Isoamylene-Piperylene Polymer	62258-49-5	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	Fathead minnow	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	4.1 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	4.5 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	11 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	2.6 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	0.1 mg/l
Butadiene-Styrene-Meta-Divinylbenzene Polymer	26471-45-4	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Bacteria	Experimental	N/A	EC10	>1,600 mg/l
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Guppy	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>4,100 mg/l
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>4,400 mg/l
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>=100 mg/l
Carbon black	1333-86-4	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Styrene-Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methanol	67-56-1	Algae or other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	16.9 mg/l

		aquatic plants				
Methanol	67-56-1	Bay mussel	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	15,900 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	15,400 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC50	22,000 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Sediment organism	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,890 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	3,289 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	NOEC	9.96 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Medaka	Experimental	8.33 days	NOEC	158,000 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	122 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Barley	Experimental	14 days	EC50	15,492 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Methanol	67-56-1	Redworm	Experimental	63 days	EC50	26,646 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Methanol	67-56-1	Springtail	Experimental	28 days	EC50	5,683 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Benzene	71-43-2	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	100 mg/l
Benzene	71-43-2	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.3 mg/l
Benzene	71-43-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	10 mg/l
Benzene	71-43-2	Fathead minnow	Experimental	32 days	NOEC	0.8 mg/l
Benzene	71-43-2	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC10	34 mg/l
Benzene	71-43-2	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	3 mg/l
Benzene	71-43-2	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	13 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	70 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Talc	14807-96-6	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Biodegradation	20 days	BOD	80 %BOD/ThO D	APHA Std Meth Water/Wastewater
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	5.2 days (t 1/2)	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	64742-93-4	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	
Alpha-Methylstyrene-Isoamylene-Piperylene Polymer	62258-49-5	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	18.7 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Solvent Naphtha	64742-89-8	Analogous Compound	28 days	BOD	77.05 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric

(Petroleum), Light Aliphatic		Biodegradation				respirometry
Butadiene- Styrene-Meta- Divinylbenzene Polymer	26471-45-4	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	5 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	12.4 days (t 1/2)	
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Styrene- Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Biodegradation	3 days	Percent degraded	91 % degraded	
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	92 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	35 days (t 1/2)	
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Soil Metabolism Aerobic	5 days	CO2 evolution	53.4 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution	
Benzene	71-43-2	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	96 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Benzene	71-43-2	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	26 days (t 1/2)	

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	0.18	
Talc	14807-96-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental BCF - Other	72 hours	Bioaccumulatio n factor	90	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.73	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oxidized Petroleum Asphalt	64742-93-4	Data not available or insufficient for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

		classification				
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.36	
Alpha-Methylstyrene-Isoamylene-Piperylene Polymer	62258-49-5	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	7.7	
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Butadiene-Styrene-Meta-Divinylbenzene Polymer	26471-45-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Styrene-Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental BCF - Fish	3 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<4.5	
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.77	
Benzene	71-43-2	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulation factor	<10	similar to OECD 305
Benzene	71-43-2	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.13	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable

regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Disposal of the aerosol dispenser (that may or may not contain any residual substance), may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

Hazchem Code: 2YE

IERG: 49

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS , (Flammable)

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

HSNO Approval number HSR002517

Group standard name Aerosols (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020

HSNO Hazard classification Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification

NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

Controls in accordance with The Health and Safety at Work Act 2015, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017 and the HSNO Act 1996, Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017

Certified handler	Not required
Location Compliance Certificate	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Hazardous atmosphere zone	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Fire extinguishers	One required for 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Emergency response plan	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Secondary containment	Not required
Tracking	Not required
Warning signage	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

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Key to abbreviations and acronyms

GHS refers to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised edition of 2017

HSNO means Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

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