

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : 850R
Product name : EP HAERTER KURZ
Other means of identification : 1250015309
Date of issue : 13 August 2026
Version : 2.13

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.
Uses advised against : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

Supplier's details : Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
 16 Darling Street, Marsden Park NSW 2765, Australia
 Importer: Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand
 Telephone: +64 (09) 259 2738
Product information : +61 (0)2 8818 4300

Emergency telephone number : +(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248

Section 2. Hazards identification

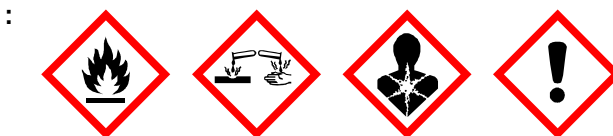
This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

GHS label elements

Symbol



Signal word

: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.
Harmful if swallowed.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
butan-1-ol	30 - <60	71-36-3
xylene	10 - <30	1330-20-7
Isopropyl alcohol	3 - <5	67-63-0
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - <3	90-72-2
resorcinol	1 - <3	108-46-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 stomach pains
 reduced foetal weight
 increase in foetal deaths
 skeletal malformations
- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 redness
 blistering may occur
 reduced foetal weight
 increase in foetal deaths
 skeletal malformations
- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain
 watering
 redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Specific treatments** : Not available.
- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 carbon dioxide
 carbon monoxide
 nitrogen oxides
- Hazchem code** : •3Y
- Special precautions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
butan-1-ol	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 2/2025) WES-TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 61 mg/m ³ .
xylene	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 2/2025) [xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] Ototoxicant. WES-TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 217 mg/m ³ .
Isopropyl alcohol	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 2/2025) WES-TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 491 mg/m ³ . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 983 mg/m ³ . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
ethylbenzene	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 2/2025) Absorbed through skin , Ototoxicant. WES-TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m ³ . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 176 mg/m ³ . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
resorcinol	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 2/2025) WES-TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 45 mg/m ³ . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 90 mg/m ³ . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Red.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Technically not possible to measure
Boiling point	: 66 to 142°C (150.8 to 287.6°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 11.3%
Vapour pressure	: 0.79 kPa (5.92 mm Hg)
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.891 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 355°C (671°F)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 20 mPa·s (20 cP) Kinematic (room temperature): 23 mm ² /s (23 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 13.9 mm ² /s (13.9 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: 23 s (room temperature) [Jet diameter: 4 mm]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain
 watering
 redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
butan-1-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50 790 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes
-	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 3400 mg/kg
-	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 24000 mg/m ³ [4 hours]
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50 4300 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
-	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. 5000 ppm [4 hours]
Isopropyl alcohol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 12800 mg/kg
-	Rat - Oral - LD50 5000 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - General anesthetic
-	Rat - Male, Female - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 37.5 mg/l [4 hours] OECD 403
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50 3500 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
-	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >5000 mg/kg
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Rat - Oral - LD50 1200 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Peripheral Nerve and Sensation - Flaccid paralysis without anesthesia (usually neuromuscular blockage) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea
-	Rat - Dermal - LD50 1280 mg/kg
resorcinol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 3360 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Skin After topical exposure - Primary irritation Gross Metabolite Changes - Weight loss or decreased weight gain

Section 11. Toxicological information

-	Rat - Oral - LD50 202 mg/kg
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Result
butan-1-ol	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 20 mg
xylene	Rat - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 8 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 60 uL
-	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 500 mg
-	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 100 %
Isopropyl alcohol	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 500 mg
ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 15 mg
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Rat - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 0.025 MI
-	Rat - Skin - Severe irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 0.25 MI
-	Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 2 mg
-	Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 500 uL
resorcinol	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 20 mg
-	Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 500 mg

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
butan-1-ol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure:</u> 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 2 mg
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 0.005 MI
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 1.62 mg
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Cornea opacity OECD [Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion]

Section 11. Toxicological information

	Observation period: 7 days
	Irritation score: 2.11
	Not reversible
xylene	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
-	Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
-	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
-	Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 50 ug
resorcinol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

butan-1-ol

Result

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

xylene

Result

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

ethylbenzene

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name

Isopropyl alcohol

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1186.61 mg/kg
Dermal	5740.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	257.05 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name

butan-1-ol

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 33 days; Size: 20.6 mm; Weight: 0.119 g

1730 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*

Age: 6 to 24 hours

-

Section 12. Ecological information

xylene	1983 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Intoxication Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> <u>Age</u> : 31 days; <u>Size</u> : 18.4 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.077 g 13.4 mg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
-	EC50 Crustaceans - <i>Penaeus monodon</i> 3.82 mg/l [48 hours]
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute - LC50 - Marine water Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - <i>Crangon crangon</i> 1400 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
-	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Harlequinfish, red rasbora - <i>Rasbora heteromorpha</i> <u>Size</u> : 1 to 3 cm 4200 mg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
ethylbenzene	Acute - LC50 - Marine water Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii <u>Age</u> : 2 to 3 13.3 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
-	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i> 3600 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Population
resorcinol	Acute - LC50 - Marine water US EPA Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - <i>Palaemon pugio</i> 78 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
-	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) <u>Weight</u> : 0.2 to 0.5 g 40 mg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name

xylene

Result

 OECD 301 F
 90% [28 days]

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	0.219	-	Low
resorcinol	0.8	3.16	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	New Zealand Class (5433)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 

Section 14. Transport information

Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

New Zealand : **Hazchem code** •3Y
 Hazchem code : •3Y

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number : HSR002669
HSNO Group Standard : Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
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Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue : 13 August 2026
Version : 2.13
Prepared by : Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations : ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health
 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

Section 16. Other information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

WES = Workplace Exposure Standards

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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